dBW & dB Levels made easy.

By G8MNY (Updated Jun 16) Deci Bells "dB" & not "db" (Dolby audio system logo) are a 1/10 Mr Bell's unit, which are on a logarithmic scale are used when large ranges are used or many gain/loss terms have to be considerd. As these are logs the dB can just be added rather than using gain factors or loss fractions that have to be multiplied together.

dBW

The Formulae for POWER is 10log POut/1Watt, which gives this easy to remember 1dB step table based only on +/-3, 6 & 10dB. Where Log = log base 10, not E or Natural Logs.

Note, dBW has "0" referenced to 1 Watt. And dBm has "0" referenced to 1 mW, so 30dBm = 0dBW So 1uW = -30dBm or -60dBW

+3dB is doubling the power, -3dB is only a half. +6dB is quadrupling power, -6dB is only a quarter. +10dB is 10 times the power, -10dB is only a tenth.

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	mW	dBW	Watts	dBW	Watts	dBW	Watts	dBW	Watts	dBW
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10	-20	0.1	-10	1	0	10	10	100	20
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12.5	-19	0.125	-9	1.25	1	12.5	11	125	21
20-170.2-72320132002325-160.25-62.5425142502431.25-150.3125-53.125531.2515312.52540-140.4-44640164002650-130.5-35750175002762.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	15.65	-18	0.1565	-8	1.565	2	15.65	12	156.5	22
25-160.25-62.5425142502431.25-150.3125-53.125531.2515312.52540-140.4-44640164002650-130.5-35750175002762.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	20	-17	0.2	-7	2	3	20	13	200	23
31.25-150.3125-53.125531.2515312.52540-140.4-44640164002650-130.5-35750175002762.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	25	-16	0.25	-6	2.5	4	25	14	250	24
40-140.4-44640164002650-130.5-35750175002762.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	31.25	-15	0.3125	-5	3.125	5	31.25	15	312.5	25
50-130.5-35750175002762.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	40	-14	0.4	-4	4	6	40	16	400	26
62.5-120.625-26.25862.5186252880-110.8-189801980029	50	-13	0.5	-3	5	7	50	17	500	27
80 -11 0.8 -1 8 9 80 19 800 29	62.5	-12	0.625	-2	6.25	8	62.5	18	625	28
	80	-11	0.8	-1	8	9	80	19	800	29

dB

For Voltage & Currents the formulae is 20log out/in, which gives this easy to remember 2dB step table based only on +/- 6, 12 & 20dB. Where Log = log base 10 not E or Natural Logs.

+6dB is doubling "the level", -6dB is only a half. +12dB is quadrupling "level", -12dB is only a quarter. +20dB is 10 times "the level", -20dB is only a tenth. (Level is Current or Voltage NOT POWER) Note +1dB is about +11% (111%), & -1dB is about -9% (91%) of "the level".

Ratio	dB	Ratio	dB	Ratio	dB	Ratio	dB	Ratio	dB
0.01	-40	0.1	-20	1	0	10	+20	100	+40
0.0125	-38	0.125	-18	1.25	+2	12.5	+22	125	+42
0.01565	-36	0.1565	-16	1.565	+4	15.65	+24	156.5	+44
0.02	-34	0.2	-14	2	+6	20	+26	200	+46
0.025	-32	0.25	-12	2.5	+8	25	+28	250	+48
0.03125	-20	0.3125	-10	3.125	+10	31.25	+30	312.5	+50
0.04	-28	0.4	-8	4	+12	40	+32	400	+52
0.05	-26	0.5	-6	5	+14	50	+34	500	+54
0.0625	-24	0.625	-4	6.25	+16	62.5	+36	625	+56
0.08	-22	0.8	-2	8	+18	80	+38	800	+58

There are other dB standards in use not always measuring the same item! e.g. dB SINAD is a ratio of signal in noise & distortion. dBm used much for $600\hat{U}$ AF where 1mW = 0.774V RMS which 2V peak to peak. dBV where the "0" = 1V RMS about 2.5dB bigger than dBm in $600\hat{U}$ dBuV where the "0" = 1uV of signal. e.g. 12dB sinad @ -6dBuV in 75 or 50 \hat{U} ! dBvu as displayed on a Voltage Unit meter. 0dBvu=100% level etc. dBc where the "0" = full carrier power. e.g. spurious = -60dBc. Not to be confused with the sound dB"C" weighting standard.

In	50	Ohms	this	is	usefull.	
Peak		PEI	2		Peak	PEP
Vol	ts	Watt	S		Volts	Watts
2	.8	0.0	8		28	8
3	.3	0.1	L		33	10
4		0.1	L6		40	16
5		0.2	25		50	25
5	.6	0.3	32		56	32
7		0.5	5		71	50
8		0.0	54		80	64
10		1			100	100
14		2			141	200
16		2.5	5		160	250
20		4			200	400

See my Buls "QRO 1kW HF Metered Dummy Load" & "QRP Power Meter & Dummy Load"

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73 De John, G8MNY @ GB7CIP